

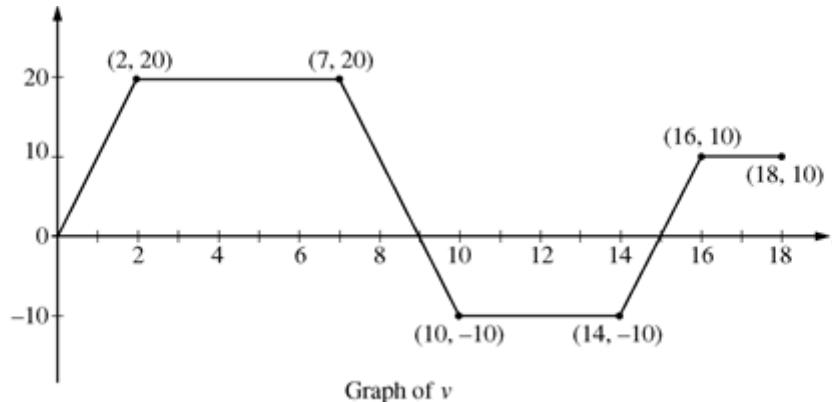
**End of Lesson Assessment: Calculator**

1. A particle moves along a straight line. For  $0 \leq t \leq 5$ , the velocity of the particle is given by  $v(t) = -2 + (t^2 + 3t)^{6/5} - t^3$ , and the position of the particle is given by  $s(t)$ . It is known that  $s(0) = 10$ . Write an expression  $s(t)$  involving an integral that gives the position of the particle. Use this expression to find the position of the particle at time  $t = 5$ .<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> 2013 AP Calculus AB Free Response Question 2 (Calculator active)

**End of Lesson Assessment: No Calculator**

2. A squirrel starts at building  $A$  at time  $t = 0$  and travels along a straight, horizontal wire connected to building  $B$ . For  $0 \leq t \leq 18$ , the squirrel's velocity is modeled by the piecewise-linear function defined by the graph below. Write an expression involving an integral that gives the position of the squirrel  $s(t)$ . Use this expression and the graph to find the position of the squirrel at time  $t = 18$ .<sup>2</sup>



<sup>2</sup> Adapted from 2010 AP Calculus AB Free-Response Form B Question 4

3. Ben rides a unicycle back and forth along a straight east-west track. The twice-differentiable function  $B$  models Ben's position on the track, measured in meters from the western end of the track, at time  $t$ , measured in seconds from the start of the ride. The table below gives values for  $B(t)$  and Ben's velocity,  $v(t)$ , measured in meters per seconds, at selected times  $t$ . Write an expression involving an integral that gives Ben's position,  $B(t)$  at time  $t = 60$ . Use a left Riemann sum with the subintervals indicated by the table to approximate Ben's position at time  $t = 60$ .<sup>3</sup>

$t$ (seconds)	0	10	40	60
$v(t)$ (meters per seconds)	2.0	2.3	2.5	4.6

<sup>3</sup> Adapted from 2011 AP Calculus AB Free-Response Form B Question 5